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Shutoff of Suit Against CIA Agent Sells Status of Heine CPYRGHT CPYRGHT CPYRGHTCPYRGHT **CPYRGHT**

CPYRGHT By ORR KELLY

The trial which might have determined whether or not Eerik Heine is "a dispatched Soviet intelligence operative, a KGB agent," has been ruled out for the time being—and perhaps forever—by a federal court judge in Baltimre.

But two men who might well have been called as key witnesses in Heine's behalf have told what they know about Heine in long letters in response to a series of questions from The Star.

On Thursday, Chief Federal District Judge Roszel C. Thomsen summarily dismissed Heine's \$110,000 slander suit against Juri Raus, a fellow Estonian emigraint who is now a Bureau of Public Roads engineer living in Hyattsville.

According to affidavits filed hy the Central Intelligence Agency in the case, Raus was a Cl4 agent and was instructed o wariff fellow Estonians that Heine was a Soviet agent.

In his decision, Thomsen ruled that Raus was protected from slander suit because the state ments he made were done a part of his duties for the CIA A trial, he added, would put Rau in a position where he could not defend himself without violating an oath of secrecy signed in

Names 4 Friends

Earlier in the year, when i appeared possible that the case might result in such a ruling Heine, whose home is in a suburb of Toronto, Canada, was asked for the names of friends who might corroborate his story that he was an Estonian patriot and freedom fighter and that he had always been a staunch anti Communist.

He supplied the names of three men he said had been close friends when they were in Soviet prison camps during the 1950s and the name of an elderly woman who he said had helped him in the late 1940's when he was living as a freedom fighter in the Estonian forest.

No reply was received from the elderly woman and it has been impossible so far to contact one of the three men.

The other two replied with statements strongly supporting Heine.

Otto Knispel, a 61-year-old cabinet maker now living in Lembo/Lippe, in San Hered said portoyed from Religious Clark friend at the had been a room and ate at the same table close friend of Heine's in Soviet and I learned to know him well.

"The prison camps in which we were located were populated almost, entirely by political orisoners with sentences up to 25 cars. It was only natural that was only natural that captivity or that he ever could was stood solidly together in ave been a Soviet agent."

One unexplained incident was littles and that we protected reported by Brett in his letter.

In August 1965, he said, he was visited by agents of the avarian Department of the

"Out of the Question" Accordingly, agents and spies didn't have a chance with us; as soon as anyone was ribed by a Russian political difficer, he was immediately,

hagades the prisoners whom they feared. They were prisones who had once escaped conspirators, rebels, officers and prisoners with high intelli-

They had to work under dduble guards with bloodhounds. They had to perform the hardest and dirtiest work without any privileges. They were subject to all kinds of dirty tricks.

'Since he was an officer, he always belonged to this forced lator brigade—for five years, as long as I was with him.

Through this treatment, the

Russians wanted to make the prisoners weak and pliable. I am completely convinced that the Russians accomplished just the opposite."

Similar Account

A similar account was contained in a seven-page typewritten letter from Karl Brett, a 42year-old sculptor living in

Mulich, Germany.

Brett, who is three years younger than Heine, know him when they were schoolboys in Tartu, Estonia, before World War II, and met him again in 1952 in a Soviet prison camp, he

worked together with Mr.

and ate at the same table

"By reason of my personal experience with Mr. Heine in captivity. I think it is impossible that he has changed in Soviet captivity of that he ever could a suit and which this bitterness was based, that he filed his suit against Raus.

His attorneys are now preparing to appeal Judge Thomsen's ruling to the 4th Circuit Care and the suit are the suit are the suit are been a Soviet agent."

avarian Department of the interior (a state police agency) and was asked a series of quesons concerning his raltionship ith Heine.

officer, he was immediately the prisoner of the forced labor fine in the United States and begade in each camp. The made in the United States and begade in each camp. The made in the United States and begades the prisoners whom This was more than a year ter Raus had made his accusaampts to gather information aut Heine in Europe.

> conflict between Heine Raus-and the CIA-has

October 1956.

"I consider it impossible," he wrote, "that Eerik Heine would have lowered himself to work as an agent or spy... I know him to well to helieve that about him...."

"I think it is impossible that counsed a deep and bitter split in the Estonian emigre community on soviet agent or informer or

captivity or that he ever could ruling to the 4th Circuit Court of ave been a Saviet agent."

Appears in Richmond and they have said they made fight the eported by Egett in his letter.

Even if a higher court should soul the case back for a jury briai, however, the full truth may never be known unless the CIA should decide to make public what it knows about the asc information it so far has neen at elaborate pains to protect.